

Exercise Session 8

① Let $R = \varinjlim_i R_i$ filtered colimit
of rings.

(a) Let $X \rightarrow \text{Spec } R$ fin. pres. Then

$f: X_i \rightarrow \text{Spec } R_i$ s.t.

$$X = \coprod_{R_i} X_i \otimes_{R_i} R$$

• Assume $X = \text{Spec } A$ affine. Then

$$A = R[T_1, \dots, T_n]/(f_1, \dots, f_m)$$

Then for some i , all coefficients
of all f_k 's lie in R_i .

$$A_i := R_i \cdot \Gamma_{1, \dots, i} \cap \Gamma_n \cdot V(f_1, \dots, f_m)$$

$$\Rightarrow A = A_i \underset{R_i}{\otimes} R \quad \checkmark$$

Let X be general. Let $X = U^1 \cup \dots \cup U^n$ with all U^k affine.

$$\rightsquigarrow U^k = U_i^k \underset{R_i}{\otimes} R$$

for some $i \in I$, U_i^k over $\text{Spec } R_i$.

Let $U^{kk'} := U^k \cap U^{k'}$. Then $U^{kk'}$ is quasicompact, hence

$$U^{kk'} = U^k \setminus V(a_1, \dots, a_d)$$

for some $a_1, \dots, a_d \in \mathcal{O}_{U^k}(U^k)$.

$\rightsquigarrow a_1, \dots, a_d$ already defined over some R_j .

\Rightarrow After enlarging i , can find

$$U_i^{kk'} \subseteq U_i^k \text{ s.t. } U_i^{kk'} \underset{R_i}{\otimes} R = U_i^{kk'}$$

By (6), the isom.

$$U^{kk'} \xrightarrow{\text{id}} U^{kk'}$$

comes from an isom.

$$U_i^{kk'} \xrightarrow{\varphi_i^{kk'}} U_i^{kk}$$

(after enlarging i).

Check: $((U_i^k)_{k_1}, (U_i^{kk'})_{k,k'}, (\varphi_i^{kk'})_{k,k'})$

is a glueing datum (after increasing i):

$$\circ \quad (\varphi_i^{(k)})^{-1} \left(U_i^{(k)} \cap U_i^{(k')} \right)$$

$$= U_i^{(k)} \cap U_i^{(k')}$$

$$\bullet \quad U_i^{(k)} \cap U_i^{(k')} \xrightarrow{\varphi_i^{(k)k'}} U_i^{(k)} \cap U_i^{(k'k)}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & G & \\ \varphi_i^{(k)} \downarrow & & \nearrow \varphi_i^{(k'k)} \\ U_i^{(k)} \cap U_i^{(k')} & & \end{array}$$

(use (6)).

\Rightarrow Glue this to get a scheme X_i over $\text{Spec } R_i$. Clearly $X_i \otimes_{R_i} R = X$.

$$(6) \quad \varinjlim_i \text{Hom}_{R_i}(X_i, Y_i) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Hom}_R(X, Y)$$

(where $X_i = X_0 \otimes_{R_0} R_i$, same for Y_i)

$$X = X_0 \otimes_{R_0} R$$

Injectivity: Let $f_i, g_i: X_i \rightarrow Y_i$ s.t.

$f, g: X \rightarrow Y$ are equal.

Let $Y_i = V_i^1 \cup \dots \cup V_i^n$ with all V_i^k affine. Then $Y = V^1 \cup \dots \cup V^n$ and $f^{-1}(V^k) = g^{-1}(V^k)$.

→ after enlarging i ,

$$g_i^{-1}(V_i^k) = f_i^{-1}(V_i^k)$$

(wlog X_i affine

$$\Rightarrow f_i^{-1}(V_i^k) = X_i \setminus V(a_1, \dots, a_m)$$

$\rightsquigarrow g_i^{-1}(\dots) - - -$

)
see Stacks Lemma 01Z4(2)

\Rightarrow wlog R_i affine.

\rightsquigarrow easily reduce to X_i affine
as well

Rest is easy to check (commutative
algebra)

Surjectivity: Same ideas as above.

Rank: (a)+(b):

$\text{FinPresSch}/R \cong \varprojlim_i \text{FinPresSch}/R_i$

(c) k field, $E, E'/k$ EC. For some fin. k'/k we have

$$\text{Hom}(E_{\bar{k}}, E'_{\bar{k}}) = \text{Hom}(E_{k'}, E'_{k'}).$$

By (6)

$$\text{Hom}(E_{\bar{k}}, E'_{\bar{k}}) = \varinjlim_{\substack{k'/k \\ \text{finite}}} \text{Hom}(E_{k'}, E'_{k'})$$

But LHS is fin. gen. / \mathbb{Z} .

$$\rightarrow \text{Hom}(E_{k'}, E'_{k'}) \rightarrow \text{Hom}(E_{\bar{k}}, E'_{\bar{k}})$$

for some k' .

Injectivity done in lecture.

$\textcircled{2} k=k$, L any field ext of k .

(a) Show that

$$\text{Hom}_k(P_k^1, P_k^1) \subsetneq \text{Hom}_L(P_L^1, P_L^1)$$

$$\text{Hom}_k(k(t), k(t)) \hookrightarrow \text{Hom}_L(L(t), L(t))$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} " & \nearrow & " \\ & k(t) & \\ & \downarrow & \\ & L(t) & \nearrow \\ & & \end{array} \quad \parallel$$

{non-constant
maps $P_k^1 \rightarrow P_k^1$ }

U1

{non-constant
maps $P_L^1 \rightarrow P_L^1$ }

U1

{non-constant
maps $P_k^1 \rightarrow P_k^1$
fixing 0}

U1

$$t \mapsto at, a \in k^1 \subset$$

{non-constant
maps $P_L^1 \rightarrow P_L^1$
fixing 0}

U1

$$t \mapsto at, a \in L^\times$$

(6) Let $E, E' \in C/k$. Then

$$\text{Hom}(E, E') \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Hom}(E_L, E'_L).$$

By 1.(6),

$$\text{Hom}(E_L, E'_L) = \varinjlim_{R/k} \text{Hom}(E_R, E'_R)$$

fin type.

→ Can replace L by R , i.e. want

$$\text{Hom}(E, E') \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Hom}(E_R, E'_R)$$

Let $x \in \text{Spec } R$ be a closed point.

↙ section of $\text{Spec } R \rightarrow \text{Spec } k$

• Surjectivity: Suppose $\varphi: E \rightarrow E'$ is s.t. $\varphi_R = 0$.

$$\Rightarrow \varphi = (\varphi_R)_x = 0.$$

Surjectivity: Let $\varphi: E_R \rightarrow E_R$. Let

$$\varphi_0 := (\varphi_X)_R.$$

Consider

$$f := \varphi - \varphi_0: E \times \text{Spec } R$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & & Y \\ & \downarrow & \\ & E' & \\ & z & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Spec } h & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \text{Spec } R \\ & \searrow^{\text{id}} & \downarrow \\ & & \text{Spec } k \end{array}$$

Apply rigidity (lecture 6)

$$\Rightarrow \varphi - \varphi_0 = 0.$$

③ $L = \varinjlim_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \mathcal{O}_L[n^{-1}]$.

(a) Use Weierstraß equ.

(b) Use 1. (6)

(c) ...

(C) Sheet 7.